6 dB Power Budget SFP 1.25G WDM Transceiver

#### **SNR-SFP-W35-3 Series**

### **SNR-SFP-W53-3 Series**

# Single-Mode 100M $\sim$ 1.25Gbps FE/GBE /FC SC/LC Single-Fiber SFP Transceiver RoHS6 Compliant

#### **Features**

- ◆ Up to 1.25Gbps Data Links
- A type: 1310nm FP TX /1550nm RX
   B type: 1550nm FP TX /1310nm RX
- 3km with 9/125 μm SMF
- ◆ Single 3.3V Power supply and TTL Logic Interface
- Hot-Pluggable SFP Footprint Simplex SC/LC Connector Interface
- ◆ Class 1 FDA and IEC60825-1 Laser Safety Compliant
- ◆ Operating Case Temperature Standard: -5°C~+70°C
- ◆ Compliant with SFP MSA Specification
- ◆ Compliant with Digital Diagnostic Monitor Interface SFF-8472





## **Applications**

- ◆ Fiber Channel Links
- ◆ Gigabit Ethernet
- Fast Ethernet
- ◆ WDM Gigabit Ethernet Links
- Other Optical Links

#### 6 dB Power Budget SFP 1.25G WDM Transceiver

# **Ordering Information**

Part No.	Data Rate	Wavelength	Interface	Temp.	DDMI
SNR-SFP-W35-3*(note1)	125~1250Mbps	1310nm	SC	Standard	NO
SNR-SFP-W53-3*(note1)	125~1250Mbps	1550nm	SC	Standard	NO

Note1: Standard version

#### **Regulatory Compliance**

Feature	Standard	Performance
Electrostatic Discharge	MIL-STD-883G	Class 1C (>1000 V)
(ESD) to the	Method 3015.7	
Electrical Pins		
Electrostatic Discharge	EN 55024:1998+A1+A2	Compliant with standards
to the enclosure	IEC-61000-4-2	
	GR-1089-CORE	
Electromagnetic	FCC Part 15 Class B	Compliant with standards
Interference (EMI)	EN55022:2006	Noise frequency range:
	CISPR 22B :2006	30MHz to 6GHz. Good
	VCCI Class B	system EMI design practice
		required to achieve Class B
		margins.
		System margins are
		dependent on customer host
		board and chassis design.
Immunity	EN 55024:1998+A1+A2	Compliant with standards.
	IEC 61000-4-3	1KHz sine-wave, 80% AM, from 80MHz to 1GHz. No
		effect on transmitter/receiver
		performance is detectable
		between these limits.
Laser Eye Safety	FDA 21CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11	CDRH compliant and Class I
	EN (IEC) 60825-1:2007	laser product. ТьV Certificate No. 50135086
	EN (IEC) 60825-2:2004+A1	TEV Certificate No. 50155066
Component Recognition	UL and CUL	UL file E317337
	EN60950-1:2006	ТьV Certificate No. 50135086
		(CB scheme )
RoHS6	2002/95/EC 4.1&4.2	Compliant with standards*note3
	2005/747/EC 5&7&13	
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Note2: For update of the equipments and strict control of raw materials, SNR has the ability to supply the customized products since Jan 1<sup>st</sup>, 2007, which meet the requirements of RoHS6 (Restrictions on use of certain Hazardous Substances) of European Union.

#### 6 dB Power Budget SFP 1.25G WDM Transceiver

In light of item 5 in RoHS exemption list of RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC, Item 5: Lead in glass of cathode ray tubes, electronic components and fluorescent tubes.

In light of item 13 in RoHS exemption list of RoHS Directive 2005/747/EC, Item 13: Lead and cadmium in optical and filter glass. The three exemptions are being concerned for SNR's transceivers, because SNR's transceivers use glass, which may contain Pb, for components such as lenses, windows, isolators, and other electronic components.

#### **Product Description**

The SNR-SFP-WXX-3 series is small form factor pluggable module for Gigabit Ethernet 1000BASE-BX and Fiber Channel single fiber applications by using 1310nm / 1550nm transmitter and 1550nm / 1310nm receiver. It is with the SFP 20-pin connector to allow hot plug capability.

The transmitter section uses a multiple quantum well A type / B type laser and is a class 1 laser compliant according to International Safety Standard IEC 60825. The receiver section uses an integrated B type / A type detector preamplifier (IDP) mounted in an optical header and a limiting post-amplifier IC.

The SNR-SFP-WXX-3 series are designed to be compliant with SFF-8472 Multi-source Agreement (MSA).

### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	+85	°C
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5	3.6	V
Operating Relative Humidity		-	95	%

<sup>\*</sup>Exceeding any one of these values may destroy the device immediately.

## **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Para	ımeter	Symbol		Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit
Operating Case Temperature		TA	SNR-SFP-WXX-3	-5		+70	°C
Power Su	pply Voltage		Vcc	3.15	3.3	3.45	V
Power Supply Current			Icc			300	mA
Date Rate	FE				100		Mbps
	FC				1.063		Gbps
	GBE				1.25		Gbps

#### 6 dB Power Budget SFP 1.25G WDM Transceiver

# **Performance Specifications - Electrical**

Para	ameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Notes
			Transm	itter			
	PECL Differential)	Vin	400		2000	mVpp	AC coupled inputs*(note5)
	npedance erential)	Zin	85	100	115	ohm	Rin > 100 kohm @ DC
TX_Dis	Disable		2		Vcc+0.3	V	
	Enable		0		0.8		
TX_FAUL	T Fault		2		Vcc+0.3	V	
	normal		0		0.5		
			Recei	ver			
	L Outputs erential)	Vout	400		2000	mVpp	AC coupled outputs*(note5)
	mpedance erential)	Zout	85	100	115	ohm	
RX_LOS	LOS		2		Vcc+0.3	V	
	Normal		0		0.8	V	
MOD_DEF ( 0:2 )		VoH	2.5			V	With Serial ID
		VoL	0		0.5	V	

# **Optical and Electrical Characteristics**

(SNR-SFP-W35-3, 1310nm FP and PIN, 3km)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit		
9µm Core Diameter SMF	L		3		km		
Data Rate		100	1063/1250		Mbps		
	Transmitter						
Center Wavelength	λ <sub>C</sub>	1260	1310	1360	nm		
Spectral Width (RMS)	Δλ			4	nm		
Average Output Power*(note3)	Pout	-14		-10	dBm		
Extinction Ratio	ER	9			dB		
Rise/Fall Time(20%~80%)	tr/tf			0.26	ns		
Total Jitter	TJ			260	ps		
Output Optical Eye*(note4)	Comp	oliant with II	EEE 802.3z*(n	ote7)			
TX_Disable Assert Time	t_off			10	us		
Pout@TX Disable Asserted	Pout			-45	dBm		
	Receiver	•					
Center Wavelength	λ <sub>C</sub>	1500	1550	1580	nm		
Receiver Sensitivity*(note6)	Pmin			-22	dBm		
Receiver Overload	Pmax	-3			dBm		
LOS De-Assert@1250Mbps	LOSD			-25	dBm		
LOS De-Assert@100Mbps				-29	dBm		

#### 6 dB Power Budget SFP 1.25G WDM Transceiver

LOS Assert	LOSA	-42	dBm
LOS Hysteresis*(note8)		0.5	dB

#### (SNR-SFP-W53-3, 1550nm FP and PIN, 3km)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit			
9µm Core Diameter SMF	L		3		km			
Data Rate		100	1063/1250		Mbps			
	Transmitter							
Center Wavelength	$\lambda_{ extsf{C}}$	1480	1550	1580	nm			
Spectral Width (RMS)	Δλ			4	nm			
Average Output Power*(note3)	Pout	-14		-10	dBm			
Extinction Ratio	ER	9			dB			
Rise/Fall Time(20%~80%)	t <sub>r</sub> /t <sub>f</sub>			0.26	ns			
Output Optical Eye*(note4)	cal Eye*(note4) Compliant with IEEE 802.3ah-2004*(note7)							
TX_Disable Assert Time	t_off			10	us			
Pout@TX Disable Asserted	Pout			-45	dBm			
	Receiver				•			
Center Wavelength	$\lambda_{ extsf{C}}$	1260		1600	nm			
Receiver Sensitivity*(note6)	Pmin			-22	dBm			
Receiver Overload	Pmax	-3			dBm			
Return Loss		12			dB			
Optical Path Penalty				1	dB			
LOS De-Assert@1250Mbps	LOSD			-25	dBm			
LOS De-Assert@100Mbps				-29	dBm			
LOS Assert	LOSA	-45			dBm			
LOS Hysteresis*(note8)		0.5			dB			

Note3: Output power is power coupled into a 9/125µm single-mode fiber.

Note4: Filtered, measured with a PRBS 2<sup>7</sup>-1.

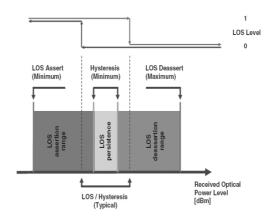
Note5: LVPECL logic, internally AC coupled.

Note6: Minimum average optical power measured at BER less than 1E-12, with a 2<sup>7</sup>-1 PRBS and ER=9 dB.

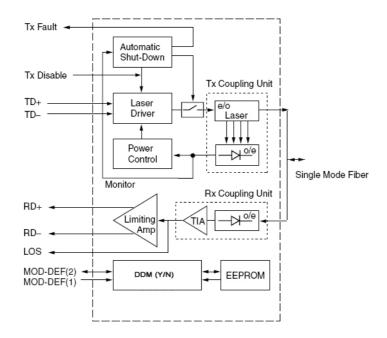
#### 6 dB Power Budget SFP 1.25G WDM Transceiver

Note7: Eye Pattern Mask

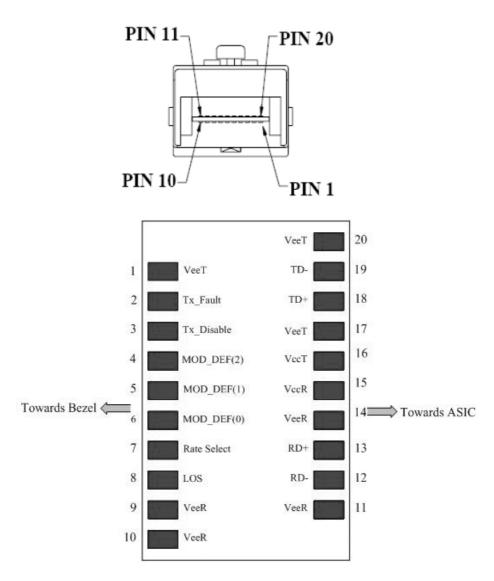
Note8: LOS Hysteresis



## **Functional Description of Transceiver**



# **SFP Transceiver Electrical Pad Layout**



#### **Pin Function Definitions**

Pin NO.	Name	Function	Plug	Notes
1	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	5)
2	TX Fault	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	1)
3	TX Disable	Transmitter Disable	3	2) Module disables on high or open
4	MOD-DEF2	Module Definition 2	3	3) Data line for Serial ID.
5	MOD-DEF1	Module Definition 1	3	<ol><li>Clock line for Serial ID.</li></ol>
6	MOD-DEF0	Module Definition 0	3	<ol><li>Grounded within the module.</li></ol>
7	Rate Select	Not Connect	3	Function not available
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	4)
9	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)

#### 6 dB Power Budget SFP 1.25G WDM Transceiver

10	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)
11	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)
12	RD-	Inv. Received Data Out	3	6)
13	RD+	Received Data Out	3	6)
14	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)
15	VccR	Receiver Power	2	7) 3.3 ± 5%
16	VccT	Transmitter Power	2	7) 3.3 ± 5%
17	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	5)
18	TD+	Transmit Data In	3	8)
19	TD-	Inv. Transmit Data In	3	8)
20	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	5)

#### Notes:

- 1) TX Fault is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a  $4.7K-10K\Omega$  resistor on the host board. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT, R+0.3V. When high, output indicates a laser fault of some kind. Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V.
- 2) TX disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a  $4.7 10 \text{ K}\Omega$  resistor. Its states are:

Low (0 - 0.8V): Transmitter on

(>0.8, < 2.0V): Undefined

High (2.0 – 3.465V): Transmitter Disabled

Open: Transmitter Disabled

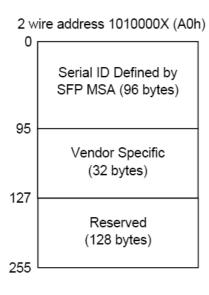
- 3) Modulation Absent, connected to VEET or VEER in the module.
- 4) LOS (Loss of Signal) is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a  $4.7K 10K\Omega$  resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT, R+0.3V. When high, this output indicates the received optical power is below the worst-case receiver sensitivity (as defined by the standard in use). Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V.
- 5) VeeR and VeeT may be internally connected within the SFP module.
- 6) RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC coupled  $100\Omega$  differential lines which should be terminated with  $100\Omega$  (differential) at the user SERDES. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board.
- 7) VccR and VccT are the receiver and transmitter power supplies. They are defined as 3.3V ±5% at the SFP connector pin. Maximum supply current is 300mA. Recommended host board power supply filtering is shown below. Inductors with DC resistance of less than 1 ohm should be used in order to maintain the required voltage at the SFP input pin with 3.3V supply voltage. When the recommended supply-filtering network is used, hot plugging of the SFP transceiver module will result in an inrush current of no more than 30mA greater than the steady state value. VccR and VccT may be internally connected within the SFP transceiver module.

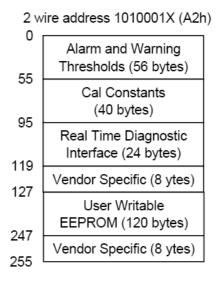
#### 6 dB Power Budget SFP 1.25G WDM Transceiver

8) TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC-coupled, differential lines with  $100\Omega$  differential termination inside the module. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board.

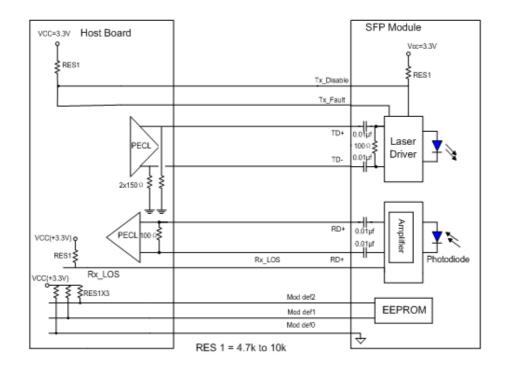
#### **EEPROM**

The serial interface uses the 2-wire serial CMOS EEPROM protocol defined for the ATMEL AT24C02/04 family of components. When the serial protocol is activated, the host generates the serial clock signal (SCL). The positive edge clocks data into those segments of the EEPROM that are not write protected within the SFP transceiver. The negative edge clocks data from the SFP transceiver. The serial data signal (SDA) is bi-directional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially. The Module provides diagnostic information about the present operating conditions. The transceiver generates this diagnostic data by digitization of internal analog signals. Calibration and alarm/warning threshold data is written during device manufacture. Received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring and temperature monitoring all are implemented. If the module is defined as external calibrated, the diagnostic data are raw A/D values and must be converted to real world units using calibration constants stored in EEPROM locations 56 – 95 at wire serial bus address A2H. The digital diagnostic memory map specific data field define as following .For detail EEPROM information, please refer to the related document of SFF 8472 Rev 9.3.



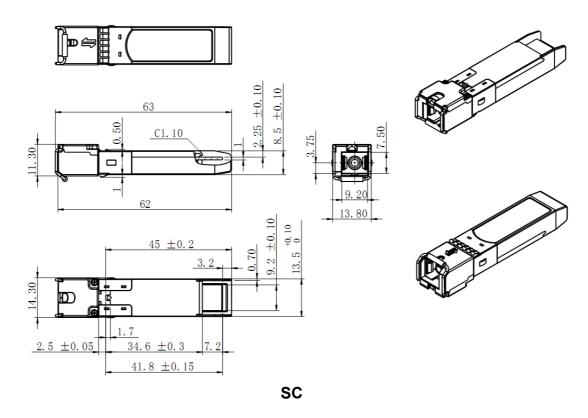


#### **Recommended Circuit Schematic**

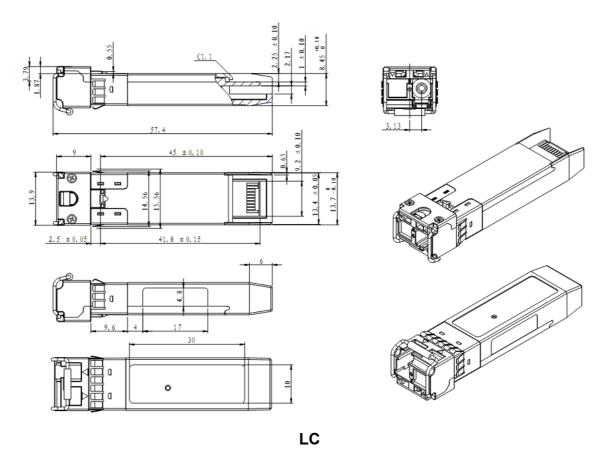


#### 6 dB Power Budget SFP 1.25G WDM Transceiver

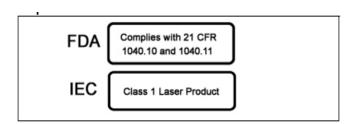
# **Mechanical Specifications**



#### 6 dB Power Budget SFP 1.25G WDM Transceiver



# Class 1 Labels



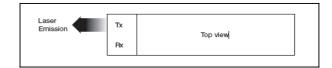
## **Laser Emission Data**

Wavelength	1310nm
Total output power (as defined by FDA: 7mm aperture at 20cm distance)	<0.195mW
Total output power (as defined by IEC: 7mm aperture at 10cm distance)	<15.6mW
Beam divergence	12.5°
Wavelength	1550nm
Total output power (as defined by FDA: 7mm aperture at 20cm distance)	<0.79mW

#### 6 dB Power Budget SFP 1.25G WDM Transceiver

T	Total output power (as defined by IEC: 7mm aperture at 10cm distance)	<10mW
	Beam divergence	12.5°

#### **Laser Emission**



#### **Notice:**

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6 dB Power Budget SFP 1.25G WDM Transceiver

#### **GUARANTEE:**



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