



Features

- Operating Data Rate up to 1.25Gbps
- 8-Wavelength CWDM DFB LD Transmitter from
 1470nm to 1610nm, with Step 20nm
- 17dB Power Budget at Least
- 60km with 9/125 μm SMF
- Single 3.3V Power Supply and TTL Control Logic
 Interface
- Hot-Pluggable SFP Footprint Duplex LC
 Connector Interface
- Class 1 FDA and IEC60825-1 Laser Safety Compliant
- Operating Case Temperature

Standard: 0°C~+70°C

Extended: -20°C ~+70°C

- Compliant with SFP MSA Specification
- Compliant with SFF-8472 Digital Diagnostic

Monitor Interface



Applications

- Gigabit Ethernet Switches and Routers
- ◆ Fiber Channel Switch Infrastructure
- Other Optical Links

Ordering Information

Part No.	Data Rate	Fiber	Distance*(note2)	Interface	Temperature	DDMI
SNR-SFP-CXX-60*(note1)	1.25Gbps	SMF	60km	LC	Standard	NO
SNR-SFP-CXX-60-L	1.25Gbps	SMF	60km	LC	Extended	ОИ
SNR-SFP-CXX-60-D	1.25Gbps	SMF	60km	LC	Standard	YES
SNR-SFP-CXX-60-LD	1.25Gbps	SMF	60km	LC	Extended	YES

Note1: Standard version, XX refer to CWDM Wavelength range 1470nm to 1610nm, XX=47, 49...59, 61;

Note2: 60km with 9/125 µm SMF





CWDM* Wavelength(0~70°C)

Band	Nomenclature	Wavelength(nm)			
Darra	Tromonolatar o	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
	К	1464	1470	1477.5	
S-band Short	L	1484	1490	1497.5	
Wavelength	М	1504	1510	1517.5	
	N	1524	1530	1537.5	
C-band Conventional	0	1544	1550	1557.5	
	Р	1564	1570	1577.5	
L-band Long Wavelength	Q	1584	1590	1597.5	
	R	1604	1610	1617.5	

CWDM*: 8 Wavelengths from 1470 nm to 1610 nm, with 20 nm span.

Regulatory Compliance

Feature	Standard	Performance
Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) to the Electrical Pins	MIL-STD-883G Method 3015.7	Class 1C (>1000V)
Electrostatic Discharge to the Enclosure	EN 55024:1998+A1+A2 IEC-61000-4-2 GR-1089-CORE	Compliant with standards
Electromagnetic Interference (EMI)	FCC Part 15 Class B EN55022:2006 CISPR 22B :2006 VCCI Class B	Compliant with standards Noise frequency range: 30MHz to 6GHz. Good system EMI design practice required to achieve Class B margins. System margins are dependent on customer host board and chassis design.
Immunity	EN 55024:1998+A1+A2 IEC 61000-4-3	Compliant with standards. 1KHz sine-wave, 80% AM, from 80MHz to 1GHz. No effect on transmitter/receiver performance is detectable between these limits.
Laser Eye Safety	FDA 21CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 EN (IEC) 60825-1:2007 EN (IEC) 60825-2:2004+A1	CDRH compliant and Class I laser product. TüV Certificate No. 50135086
Component Recognition	UL and CUL	UL file E317337



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	EN60950-1:2006	TüV Certificate No. 50135086 (CB scheme)
RoHS6	2002/95/EC 4.1&4.2 2005/747/EC 5&7&13	Compliant with standards*note3

Note3: For update of the equipments and strict control of raw materials, SNR has the ability to supply the customized products since Jan 1st, 2007, which meet the requirements of RoHS6 (Restrictions on use of certain Hazardous Substances) of European Union.

In light of item 5 in RoHS exemption list of RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC, Item 5: Lead in glass of cathode ray tubes, electronic components and fluorescent tubes.

In light of item 13 in RoHS exemption list of RoHS Directive 2005/747/EC, Item 13: Lead and cadmium in optical and filter glass. The three exemptions are being concerned for SNR's transceivers, because SNR's transceivers use glass, which may contain Pb, for components such as lenses, windows, isolators, and other electronic components.

Product Description

The SNR-SFP-CXX-60 series single mode transceiver is small form factor pluggable module for duplex optical data communications such as Gigabit Ethernet 1000BASE-ZX and Fiber Channel 1x SM-LC-L FC-PI. It is with the SFP 20-pin connector to allow hot plug capability.

This module is designed for single mode fiber and operates at a nominal wavelength of CWDM wavelength. There are eighteen center wavelengths available from 1270nm to 1610nm, with each step 20nm. A guaranteed minimum optical link budget of 17dB is offered.

The transmitter section uses a multiple quantum well CWDM DFB laser and is a class 1 laser compliant according to International Safety Standard IEC-60825. The receiver section uses an integrated InGaAs detector preamplifier (IDP) mounted in an optical header and a limiting post-amplifier IC.

The SNR-SFP-CXX-60-D series are designed to be compliant with SFF-8472.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	+85	C
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5	3.6	V
Operating Relative Humidity		-	95	%

^{*}Exceeding any one of these values may destroy the device immediately.

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parar	neter	Symbol		Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit
Operatir	ng Case	т	SNR-SFP-CXX-60	0		+70	S
Tempe	erature	T _A	SNR-SFP-CXX-60-L	-20		+70	C
Power Sup	ply Voltage	Vcc		3.15	3.3	3.45	V
Power Sup	ply Current		Icc			300	mA
Date Rate	GBE				1.25		Gbps
Date Rate	FC				1.063		Gups



Performance Specifications - Electrical

Parai	neter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Notes	
	Transmitter							
	ECL fferential)	Vin	400		2000	mVpp	AC coupled inputs*(note5)	
· ·	pedance ential)	Zin	85	100	115	ohm	Rin > 100 kohm @ DC	
TV Die	Disable		2		Vcc+0.3	V		
TX_Dis	Enable		0		0.8	V		
TV EALILT	Fault		2		Vcc+0.3	V		
TX_FAULT	Normal		0		0.8	V		
			Receiv	er				
	Outputs ential)	Vout	400		2000	mVpp	AC coupled outputs*(note5)	
	Output Impedance (Differential)		85	100	115	ohm		
DV LOC	LOS		2		Vcc+0.3	V		
RX_LOS -	Normal		0		0.8	V		
MOD DI	=E (0:2)	VoH	2.5			V	With Serial	
IVIOD_DI	EF (0:2)	VoL	0		0.5	V	ID	

Optical and Electrical Characteristics

(CWDM DFB and PIN, 60km)

(CWDIN DEB and FIN, 80kili)							
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit		
9µm Core Diameter SMF	L		40		km		
Data Rate			1.063/1.25		Gbps		
	Transmit	ter					
Center Wavelength	λς	λc-6	λς	λc+7.5	nm		
Spectral Width (-20dB)	Δλ			1	nm		
Average Output Power*(note3)	Pout	-5		0	dBm		
Side Mode Suppression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB		
Extinction Ratio*(note4)	ER	8.2			dB		
Rise/Fall Time(20%~80%)	tr/tf			0.26	ns		
Total Jitter	TJ			56.5	ps		
Output Optical Eye*(note4)	Comp	oatible wit	h IEEE 802.3ah	n-2004* ^(note)	3)		
TX_Disable Assert Time	t_off			10	□us		
Pout@TX Disable Asserted	Pout			-45	dBm		
	Receive	er					
Center Wavelength	λс	1260		1600	nm		
Receiver Sensitivity*(note6)	Pmin		-26	-22	dBm		
Receiver Overload	Pmax	-3		0	dBm		
Return Loss		12			dB		



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Optical Path Penalty*(note7)			1	dB
LOS De-Assert	LOSD		-23	dBm
LOS Assert	LOSA	-42		dBm
LOS Hysteresis*(note9)		0.5		dB

Note3: Output is coupled into a 9/125µm single-mode fiber.

Note4: Filtered, measured with a PRBS 27-1 test pattern @1.25Gbps

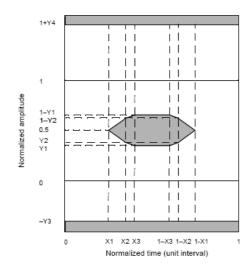
Note5: LVPECL logic, internally AC coupled.

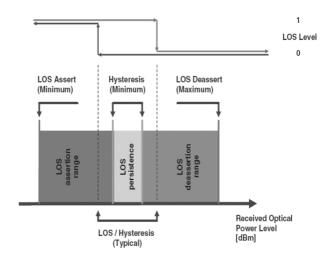
Note6: Minimum average optical power measured at BER less than 1E-12, with a 2⁷-1 PRBS and ER=9dB.

Note7: Measured with a PRBS 2⁷-1 test pattern @1.25Gbps, over 40km G.652 SMF, BER ≤1×10⁻¹².

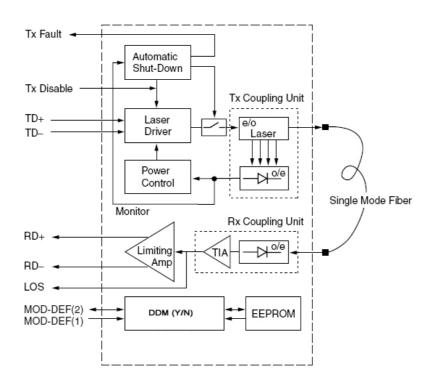
Note8: Eye Pattern Mask

Note9: LOS Hysteresis



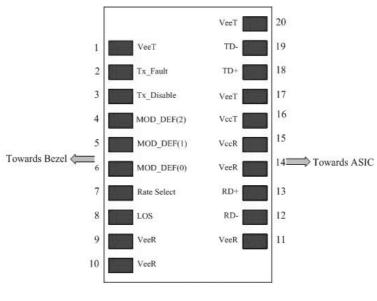


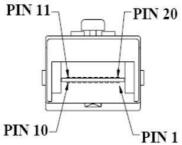
Functional Description of Transceiver





SFP Transceiver Electrical Pad Layout





Pin Function Definitions

Pin Num.	Name	Function	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	5)
2	TX Fault	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	1)
3	TX Disable	Transmitter Disable	3	2) Module disables on high or open
4	MOD-DEF2	Module Definition 2	3	3) Data line for Serial ID.
5	MOD-DEF1	Module Definition 1	3	3) Clock line for Serial ID.
6	MOD-DEF0	Module Definition 0	3	Grounded within the module.
7	Rate Select	Not Connect	3	Function not available
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	4)
9	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)
10	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)
11	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)
12	RD-	Inv. Received Data Out	3	6)



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13	RD+	Received Data Out	3	6)
14	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)
15	VccR	Receiver Power	2	7) 3.3 ± 5%
16	VccT	Transmitter Power	2	7) 3.3 ± 5%
17	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	5)
18	TD+	Transmit Data In	3	8)
19	TD-	Inv. Transmit Data In	3	8)
20	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	5)

Notes

- 1) TX Fault is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a $4.7K-10K\Omega$ resistor on the host board. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT, R+0.3V. When high, output indicates a laser fault of some kind. Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V.
- 2) TX disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a $4.7 10 \text{ K}\Omega$ resistor. Its states are:

Low (0 - 0.8V): Transmitter on

(>0.8, < 2.0V): Undefined

High (2.0 - 3.465V): Transmitter Disabled

Open: Transmitter Disabled

- 3) Modulation Absent, connected to VEET or VEER in the module.
- 4) LOS (Loss of Signal) is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a $4.7K 10K\Omega$ resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT, R+0.3V. When high, this output indicates the received optical power is below the worst-case receiver sensitivity (as defined by the standard in use). Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V.
- 5) VeeR and VeeT may be internally connected within the SFP module.
- 6) RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC coupled 100Ω differential lines which should be terminated with 100Ω (differential) at the user SERDES. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The voltage swing on these lines will be between 400 and 2000mV differential (200 –1000mV single ended) when properly terminated.
- 7) VccR and VccT are the receiver and transmitter power supplies. They are defined as 3.3V ±5% at the SFP connector pin. Maximum supply current is 300mA. Recommended host board power supply filtering is shown below. Inductors with DC resistance of less than 1 ohm should be used in order to maintain the required voltage at the SFP input pin with 3.3V supply voltage. When the recommended supply-filtering network is used, hot plugging of the SFP transceiver module will result in an inrush current of no more than 30mA greater than the steady state value. VccR and VccT may be internally connected within the SFP transceiver module.
- 8) TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC-coupled, differential lines with NAG LLC
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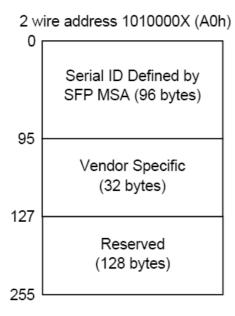
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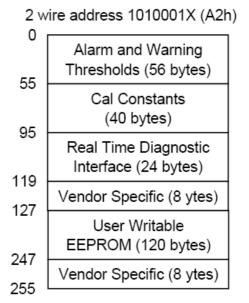
 100Ω differential termination inside the module. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The inputs will accept differential swings of 400 - 2000 mV (200 - 1000 mV single-ended).

FFPROM

The serial interface uses the 2-wire serial CMOS EEPROM protocol defined for the ATMEL AT24C02/04 family of components. When the serial protocol is activated, the host generates the serial clock signal (SCL). The positive edge clocks data into those segments of the EEPROM that are not write protected within the SFP transceiver. The negative edge clocks data from the SFP transceiver. The serial data signal (SDA) is bi-directional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially.

The Module provides diagnostic information about the present operating conditions. The transceiver generates this diagnostic data by digitization of internal analog signals. Calibration and alarm/warning threshold data is written during device manufacture. Received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring and temperature monitoring all are implemented. If the module is defined as external calibrated, the diagnostic data are raw A/D values and must be converted to real world units using calibration constants stored in EEPROM locations 56 – 95 at wire serial bus address A2H. The digital diagnostic memory map specific data field define as following .For detail EEPROM information, please refer to the related document of SFF 8472 Rev 9.3.





EEPROM Serial ID Memory Contents

Accessing Serial ID Memory uses the 2 wire address 1010000X(A0H). Memory Contents of Serial ID are shown in Table 1. The following information is according to SNR-SFP-CXX-60-D.



Table 1 Serial ID Memory Contents

Addr.	Size (Bytes)	Name of Field	Hex	Description
		BASE	ID FIELDS	
0	1	Identifier	03	SFP
1	1	Ext. Identifier	04	SFP function is defined by serial ID only
2	1	Connector	07	LC Connector
3-10	8	Transceiver	00 00 00 02 12 00 0D 01	Transmitter Code
11	1	Encoding	01	8B10B
12	1	BR, Nominal	0D	1.25Gbps
13	1	Reserved	00	
14	1	Length (9µm)km	28	
15	1	Length(9µm)100m	FF	Transceiver transmit
16	1	Length (50µm) 10m	00	distance
17	1	Length(62.5µm)10m	00	
18	1	Length (Copper)	00	Not compliant
19	1	Reserved	00	
20-35	16	Vendor name	XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	SNR (ASCII)
36	1	Reserved	00	
37-39	3	Vendor OUI	00 00 00	
40-55	16	Vendor PN	XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX	SNR-SFP-CXX-60
56-59	4	Vendor rev	31 2E 30 20	1.0
60-61	2	Wavelength	05 FA	CWDM, 1530nm
62	1	Reserved	00	
63	1	CC_BASE	Check Sum (Variable)	Check code for Base ID Fields
		EXTENDE	D ID FIELDS	
64-65	2	Options	00 1A	TX_DISABLE, TX_FAULT and Loss of Signal implemented.
66	1	BR, max	00	
67	1	BR, min	00	
68-83	16	Vendor SN	XX XX XX XXXX XX XX XX 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 ^(note9)	Serial Number of transceiver (ASCII). For example "B000822".
84-91	8	Date code	XX XX XX XX XX XX	Manufactory date code.



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			XX XX ^(note9)	For example "080405".		
92	1	Diagnostic	XX ^(note9)	Digital diagnostic		
92	I	Monitoring Type	^^`	monitoring implemented		
93	1	Enhanced Options	XX ^(note9)	Optional flags		
0.4	SFF_8472		XX ^(note9)	01 for Rev9.3 SFF-8472.		
94	1	Compliance	^^	01 101 Nev3.3 3FF-0472.		
95	1	CC EXT	Check Sum	Check sum for Extended ID		
95	ı	CO_EXI	(Variable)	Field.		
		VENDOR SPE	CIFIC ID FIELDS			
96-127	32	Vandar Specific	Pood only	Depends on customer		
90-127	6-127 32 Vendor Specific Read on		Read only	information		
128-255	128	Reserved	Read only			

Note9: The "xx" byte should be filled in according to practical case. For more information, please refer to the related document of SFP Multi-Source Agreement (MSA).

Digital Diagnostic Monitoring Interface (2-Wire Address A2H)

Alarm and Warning Thresholds (2 Wire Address A2H)

Address	# Bytes	Name of Field	HEX	Real Value	Unit
00-01	2	Temp High Alarm	6E 00	110	Degree C
02-03	2	Temp Low Alarm	F6 00	-10	Degree C
04-05	2	Temp High Warning	55 00	85	Degree C
06-07	2	Temp Low Warning	EC 00	-20	Degree C
08-09	2	Voltage High Alarm	8C A0	3.6	V
10-11	2	Voltage Low Alarm	71 48	2.9	V
12-13	2	Voltage High Warning	88 B8	3.5	V
14-15	2	Voltage Low Warning	75 30	3.0	V
16-17	2	Bias High Alarm	AF C8	90	mA
18-19	2	Bias Low Alarm	03 E8	2	mA
20-21	2	Bias High Warning	9C 40	80	mA
22-23	2	Bias Low Warning	05 DC	3	mA
24-25	2	TX Power High Alarm	31 2D	1	dBm
26-27	2	TX Power Low Alarm	09 D0	-6	dBm
28-29	2	TX Power High Warning	27 10	0	dBm
30-31	2	TX Power Low Warning	0C 5A	-5	dBm
32-33	2	RX Power High Alarm	13 94	-3	dBm
34-35	2	RX Power Low Alarm	00 32	-23	dBm
36-37	2	RX Power High Warning	0F 8D	-4	dBm
38-39	2	RX Power Low Warning	00 3F	-22	dBm
40-55	16	Reserved			

Calibration Constants (2 Wire Address A2H)

Address # Bytes Name of Field HEX Description



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50.50	4	DV DWD (4)	00 00 00	Set to zero for "internally calibrated"			
56-59	4	RX_PWR (4)	00	devices.			
60-63 4		RX_PWR (3)	00 00 00	Set to zero for "internally calibrated"			
00-03	4	KA_FWK (3)	00	devices.			
64-67	4	RX_PWR (2)	00 00 00	Set to zero for "internally calibrated"			
04-07	4	IXX_F VVIX (2)	00	devices.			
68-71	4	RX_PWR (1)	3F 80 00 00	Set to 1 for "internally calibrated" devices.			
72-75	4	DV DWD (0)	00 00 00	Set to zero for "internally calibrated"			
12-13	4	RX_PWR (0)	00	devices.			
76-77	2	TX_I (Slope)	01 00	Set to 1 for "internally calibrated" devices.			
78-79	2	TX_I (Offset)	00 00	Set to zero for "internally calibrated"			
10-19	2	TX_I (Oliset)	00 00	devices.			
80-81	2	TX_PWR	01 00	Set to 1 for "internally calibrated" devices.			
	_	(Slope)	0.00	Cot to 1 for internally calibrated devices.			
82-83	2	TX_PWR	00 00	Set to zero for "internally calibrated"			
02 00		(Offset)	00 00	devices.			
84-85	2	T (Slope)	01 00	Set to 1 for "internally calibrated" devices.			
86-87	2	T (Offset)	00 00	Set to zero for "internally calibrated"			
00-07		i (Oliset)	00 00	devices.			
88-89	2	V (Slope)	01 00	Set to 1 for "internally calibrated" devices.			
90-91	2	V (Offset)	00 00	Set to zero for "internally calibrated"			
30-31		v (Oliset)	00 00	devices.			
92-94	3	Reserved	00 00 00	Reserved			
95	1	Checksum	XX	Checksum of bytes 0 – 94.			

A/D Value (2 Wire Address A2H)

	AD Value (2 Wile Address A21)									
Address	# Bytes	Name of Field	Description							
96-97	2	Temperature (MSB, LSB)	Internally measured module temperature							
98-99 2		Cumply Voltage (MCD I CD)	Internally measured supply voltage in							
		Supply Voltage (MSB, LSB)	module							
100-101	2	TX Bias Current (MSB, LSB)	Internally measured TX Bias current							
102-103	2	TX Optical Power (MSB, LSB)	Internally measured TX Optical Power							
104-105	2	RX Received Power (MSB,	Magazirad By input nawar							
104-105	2	LSB)	Measured Rx input power							
106-109	4	Reserved								

*Temperature (Signed twos complement value)

A2H Byte 96 (Temperature MSB)						A2H Byte 97 (Temperature LSB)							
S	2 ⁶	2 ⁵	2 ⁴	2 ³	2 ²	2 ¹	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						2 ⁻⁸

Supply Voltage, TX Bias Current, TX Optical Power, RX Received Power (Unsigned Values)

Cappy Voltage, 17, Diae Carrent, 17, Option, 10, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11								
A2H Byte 98 (Vcc MSB)	A2H Byte 99 (Vcc LSB)							
A2H Byte 100 (TX Bias MSB)	A2H Byte 101 (TX Bias LSB)							
A2H Byte 102 (TX Power MSB)	A2H Byte 103 (TX Power LSB)							



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A2H Byte 104 (RX Power MSB)							A2H Byte 105 (RX Power LSB)					
2 ¹⁵	2 ¹⁴	2 ¹³	2 ¹²	2 ¹¹	2 ¹⁰	2 ⁹	2 ⁸	2 ⁷ 2 ⁶ 2 ⁵ 2 ⁴ 2 ³ 2 ² 2 ¹				2 ⁰

The digital value conversions are updated every 13ms (nominal) or 20ms (max) in rotation. After getting digital value, each measurement could be obtained by multiplying digital value by corresponding LSB value:

Temperature = Temp (Digital Value) x LSB_{Temp} = Temp (Digital Value) x 1/256; when Temperature<128

Temperature = Temp (Digital Value) x LSB_{Temp} = [Temp (Digital Value) x1/256]-256; when Temperature ≥128

 $V_{cc} = V_{cc}(Digital\ Value) \times LSB_{Vcc} = Vcc(Digital\ Value) \times 100\mu V$

TX Bias Current = TX Bias Current (Digital Value) x LSBTX,Bias = TX Bias Current (Digital Value) x 2µA

TX Power = TX Power (Digital Value) x LSBTXPower = TX Power (Digital Value) x 0.1µW

RX Power = RX Power (Digital Value) x LSB_{RXPower} = RX Power (Digital Value) x 0.1µW

Status Bits and Alarm/Warning Flag Bits (2 Wire Address A2H)

	Status Bits and Alarm/Warning Flag Bits (2 Wire Address A2H)									
Address	Bit	Name	Description							
110	7	TX Disable State	Digital state of TX disable (1) and enabled (0)							
110	6	Soft TX Disable	Not implemented							
110	5-3	Reserved								
110	2	TX Fault State	1=TX failure state, 0=TX normal state							
110	1	LOS	Digital state of LOS output pin. 0=optical signal							
110	'	L03	detected,1=no optical signal detected							
110	0	Data_Ready_Bar	Not implemented.							
111	7-0	Reserved	Reserved							
112	7	Temp High Alarm	Set when internal temperature exceeds high alarm							
112	,	Temp High Alaim	level.							
112	6	Temp Low Alarm	Set when internal temperature is below low alarm							
112	O	Temp Low Alaim	level.							
112	5	Vcc High Alarm	Set when internal supply voltage exceeds high alarm							
112	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Voc i ligit / liaitii	level.							
112	4	Vcc Low Alarm	Set when internal supply voltage is below low alarm							
		V00 20W / ((a))	level.							
112	3	TX Bias High Alarm	Set when TX Bias current exceeds high alarm level.							
112	2	TX Bias Low Alarm	Set when TX Bias current is below low alarm level.							
112	1	TX Power High Alarm	Set when TX Power exceeds high alarm level.							
112	0	TX Power Low Alarm	Set when TX Power is below low alarm level.							
113	7	RX Power High Alarm	Set when Received Power exceeds high alarm level.							
113	6	RX Power Low Alarm	Set when Received Power is below low alarm level.							
113	5-0	Reserved Alarm								
114-115	All	Reserved								
116	7	Temp High Warning	Set when internal temperature exceeds high warning level.							
116	6	Temp Low Warning	Set when internal temperature is below low warning level.							



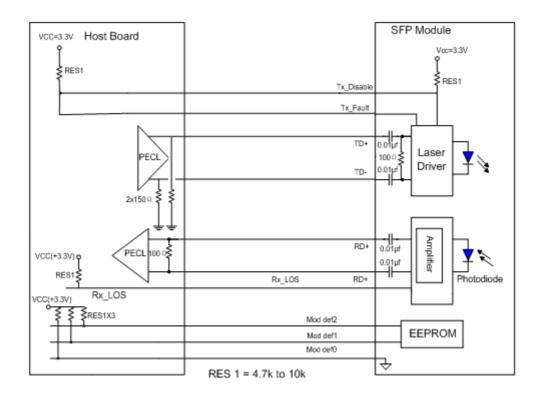
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116	5	Vcc High Warning	Set when internal supply voltage >high warning level.
116	4	Vcc Low Warning	Set when internal supply voltage < low warning level.
116	3	TX Bias High Warning	Set when TX Bias current exceeds high warning level.
116	2	TX Bias Low Warning	Set when TX Bias current is below low warning level.
116	1	TX Power High Warning	Set when TX Power exceeds high warning level.
116	0	TX Power Low Warning	Set when TX Power is below low warning level.
117	7	RX Power High Warning	Set when Received Power exceeds high warning level.
117	6	RX Power Low Warning	Set when Received Power is below low warning level.
117	5-0	Reserved Warning	
118-119	All	Reserved	

Vendor Specific and User Accessible EEPROM (2 Wire Address A2H)

Address	# Bytes	Name	Description
120-127	8	Vendor Specific	Don't Access
128-247	120	User writable EEPROM	
248-255	8	Vendor Specific	Don't Access

Recommend Circuit Schematic

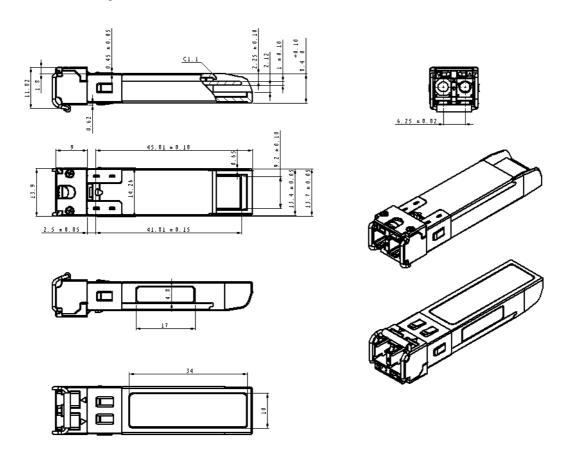


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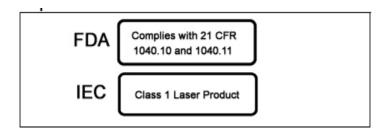
17 dB Power Budget CWDM SFP Transceivers



Mechanical Specifications



Class 1 Labels



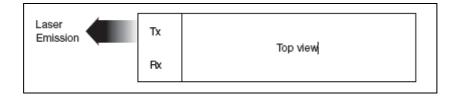
Laser Emission Data

Wavelength	>1260nm
Total output power (as defined by FDA: 7mm aperture at 20cm distance)	<0.79mW
Total output power (as defined by IEC: 7mm aperture at 10cm distance)	<10mW
Beam divergence	12.5°



17 dB Power Budget CWDM SFP Transceivers

Laser Emission



Notice:

SNR reserves the right to make changes to or discontinue any optical link product or service identified in this publication, without notice, in order to improve design and/or performance. Applications that are described herein for any of the optical link products are for illustrative purposes only. SNR makes no representation or warranty that such applications will be suitable for the specified use without further testing or modification.

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GUARANTEE:



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