

Features

- Operating data rate up to 1.25Gbps
- CWDM 18 wavelength from 1270nm to 1610nm, with step of 20nm
- ♦ APD High Sensitivity Receiver
- 41dB power budget
- Single 3.3V Power supply and TTL Logic Interface
- Hot-Pluggable SFP Footprint Duplex LC
 Connector Interface
- Class 1 FDA and IEC60825-1 laser safety compliant
- Operating Case Temperature
 - Standard: 0°C~+70°C
- Compliant with SFP MSA
- Compliant with SFF-8472 MSA



Applications

- Gigabit Ethernet Switches and Routers
- Fiber Channel Switch Infrastructure
- Other Optical Link

Ordering information

| Part No. | Data Rate | Fiber | Distance* ^(note2) | Interface | Temperature | DDMI |
|-------------------------|--------------|-------|------------------------------|-----------|-------------|------|
| SNR-SFP-CXX-160*(note1) | 1.25Gbps | SMF | 41dB power budget | LC | Standard | NO |
| SNR-SFP-CXX-160-D | 1.25Gbps | SMF | 41dB power budget | LC | Standard | YES |

Note1: Standard version, XX refers to CWDM wavelength, which may be A, B, C..., the detailed wavelength nomenclature listed in the following table.

Note2: Transmission with 9/125 µm SMF

CWDM* Wavelength (0~70C)



| Band | Nomenclature | | Wavelength(r | ım) |
|---------------------------|--------------|------|--------------|--------|
| Danu | Nomenciature | Min. | Тур. | Max. |
| | А | 1264 | 1270 | 1277.5 |
| | В | 1284 | 1290 | 1297.5 |
| O-band Original | С | 1304 | 1310 | 1317.5 |
| | D | 1324 | 1330 | 1337.5 |
| | E | 1344 | 1350 | 1357.5 |
| | F | 1364 | 1370 | 1377.5 |
| | G | 1384 | 1390 | 1397.5 |
| E-band Extended | Н | 1404 | 1410 | 1417.5 |
| | I | 1424 | 1430 | 1437.5 |
| | J | 1444 | 1450 | 1457.5 |
| | К | 1464 | 1470 | 1477.5 |
| S-band Short | L | 1484 | 1490 | 1497.5 |
| Wavelength | М | 1504 | 1510 | 1517.5 |
| | Ν | 1524 | 1530 | 1537.5 |
| C-band Conventional | 0 | 1544 | 1550 | 1557.5 |
| | Р | 1564 | 1570 | 1577.5 |
| L-band Long Wavelength | Q | 1584 | 1590 | 1597.5 |
| g | R | 1604 | 1610 | 1617.5 |

CWDM*: 18 Wavelengths from 1270nm to 1610nm, each step 20nm.

Regulatory Compliance

| Feature | Standard | Performance |
|--|--|--|
| Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) to the Electrical Pins | MIL-STD-883G Method 3015.7 | Class 1C (>1000 V) |
| Electrostatic Discharge to the enclosure | EN 55024:1998+A1+A2 IEC-61000-4-2 GR-1089-CORE | Compliant with standards |
| Electromagnetic Interference (EMI) | FCC Part 15 Class B EN55022:2006 CISPR 22B :2006 | Compliant with standards Noise frequency range: 30 MHz to 6 GHz. Good system |



| | VCCI Class B | EMI design practice required |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| | | to achieve Class B margins. |
| | | System margins are |
| | | dependent on customer host |
| | | board and chassis design. |
| | | Compliant with standards. |
| | | 1kHz sine-wave, 80% AM, |
| Immunity | EN 55024:1998+A1+A2 | from 80 MHz to 1 GHz. No |
| minunty | IEC 61000-4-3 | effect on transmitter/receiver |
| | | performance is detectable |
| | | between these limits. |
| | FDA 21CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 | CDRH compliant and Class I |
| Laser Eye Safety | EN (IEC) 60825-1:2007 | laser product. |
| | EN (IEC) 60825-2:2004+A1 | TüV Certificate No. 50135086 |
| | | UL file E317337 |
| Component Recognition | UL and CUL | TüV Certificate No. 50135086 |
| | EN60950-1:2006 | (CB scheme) |
| RoHS6 | 2002/95/EC 4.1&4.2 | Compliant with standards ^{*note3} |
| | 2005/747/EC 5&7&13 | |

Note3: For update of the equipments and strict control of raw materials, SNR has the ability to supply the customized products since Jan 1th, 2007, which meet the requirements of RoHS6 (Restrictions on use of certain Hazardous Substances) of European Union.

In light of item 5 in RoHS exemption list of RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC, Item 5: Lead in glass of cathode ray tubes, electronic components and fluorescent tubes.

In light of item 13 in RoHS exemption list of RoHS Directive 2005/747/EC, Item13: Lead and cadmium in optical and filter glass. The three exemptions are being concerned for SNR's transceivers, because SNR's transceivers use glass, which may contain Pb, for components such as lenses, windows, isolators, and other electronic components.

Product Description

The SNR-SFP-CXX-160 series single-mode transceiver is small form factor pluggable module for serial optical data communications such as Gigabit Ethernet 1000BASE-ZX and Fiber Channel 1x SM-LC-L FC-PI. It is with the SFP 20-pin connector to allow hot plug capability. A guaranteed minimum optical power budget of 41dB is offered.

The transmitter section uses a multiple quantum well CWDM DFB laser and is a class 1 laser compliant according to International Safety Standard IEC-60825. The receiver section uses an integrated InGaAs Avalanche photodetector preamplifier mounted in an optical header and a limiting post-amplifier IC.The SNR-SFP-CXX-160-D series are designed to be compliant with SFF-8472 Multi-source Agreement (MSA).



Absolute Maximum Ratings*

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Max. | Unit |
|-----------------------------|----------|------|------|------|
| Storage Temperature | Τs | -40 | +85 | Ĵ |
| Supply Voltage | V_{CC} | -0.5 | 3.6 | V |
| Operating Relative Humidity | | - | 95 | % |

*Exceeding any one of these values may destroy the device immediately.

Recommended Operating Conditions

| Parar | neter | Symbol | | Min. | Typical | Max. | Unit |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|----------------|-----------------|------|---------|------|------|
| Operating Case Temperature | | T _A | SNR-SFP-CXX-160 | 0 | | +70 | ĉ |
| | | | | U | | 170 | Ŭ |
| Power Sup | wer Supply Voltage | | V _{CC} | 3.15 | 3.3 | 3.45 | V |
| Power Sup | Power Supply Current | | I _{CC} | | | 300 | mA |
| Doto Doto | GBE | | | | 1.25 | | Chao |
| Date Rate | FC | | | | 1.063 | | Gbps |

Performance Specifications - Electrical

| Paran | neter | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max | Unit | Notes | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------|--------|------|-------|---------|------|--|--|--|
| | Transmitter | | | | | | | | |
| | LVPECL Inputs(Differential) | | 400 | | 2000 | mVpp | AC coupled inputs* ^(note4) | | |
| Input Imp (Differe | | Zin | 85 | 100 | 115 | ohms | Rin > 100 kohms @ DC | | |
| Ty Die | Disable | | 2 | | Vcc | V | | | |
| Tx_Dis | Enable | | 0 | | 0.8 | V | | | |
| | Fault | | 2 | | Vcc+0.3 | v | | | |
| Tx_FAULT | Normal | | 0 | | 0.5 | v | | | |
| | | | Rece | eiver | | | | | |
| LVPECL (Differe | • | Vout | 370 | | 2000 | mVpp | AC coupled outputs* ^(note4) | | |
| Output Im (Differe | • | Zout | 85 | 100 | 115 | ohms | | | |
| | LOS | | 2 | | Vcc+0.3 | V | | | |
| Rx_LOS - | Normal | | 0 | | 0.8 | V | | | |
| | $\Gamma(0,2)$ | VoH | 2.5 | | | V | With Carial ID | | |
| MOD_DE | Γ(0:2) | VoL | 0 | | 0.5 | V | With Serial ID | | |

Performance Specifications - Optical

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Typical | Max. | Unit |
|--------------|--------|------|------------|------|------|
| Data Rate | | | 1.063/1.25 | | Gbps |
| Power Budget | | 41 | | | dB |



| Transmitter | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------|-------------|----------------|--------------------------|-----|--|--|
| Centre Wavelength | λ _C | λc–6 | λc | λc+7.5 | nm | | |
| Spectral Width (-20dB) | Δλ | | | 1 | nm | | |
| Side Mode Suppression Ratio | SMSR | 30 | | | dB | | |
| Average Output Power* ^(note5) | Pout | +5 | | +8 | dBm | | |
| Extinction Ratio*(note6) | ER | 8.2 | | | dB | | |
| Rise/Fall Time(20%~80%) | tr/tf | | | 0.26 | ns | | |
| Total Jitter | TJ | | | 56.5 | ps | | |
| Output Optical Eye*(note6) | Corr | npaliant wi | th IEEE 802.3a | h-2004 ^{(note9} |) | | |
| TX_Disable Assert Time | t_off | | | 10 | us | | |
| Pout@TX Disable Asserted | Pout | | | -45 | dBm | | |
| | Receiv | er | | | | | |
| Centre Wavelength | λ _C | 1260 | | 1600 | nm | | |
| Receiver Sensitivity*(note7) | Pmin | | | -36 | dBm | | |
| Receiver Overload | Pmax | -9 | | | dBm | | |
| Return Loss | | 12 | | | dB | | |
| Optical Path Penalty* ^(note8) | | | | 1 | dB | | |
| LOS De-Assert | LOSD | D -37 | | -37 | dBm | | |
| LOS Assert | LOSA | -45 | | | dBm | | |
| LOS Hysteresis ^(note10) | | 1 | | | dB | | |

Note4: LVPECL logic, internally AC coupled.

Note5: Output is coupled into a $9/125\mu m$ single-mode fiber.

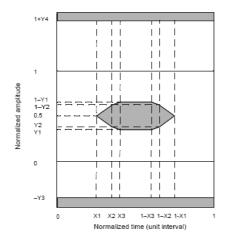
Note6: Filtered, measured with a PRBS 27-1 test pattern @1.25Gbps

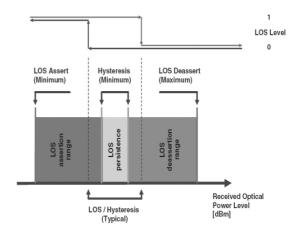
Note7: Minimum average optical power measured at BER less than 1E-12, with a 2⁷-1 PRBS and ER=9dB.

Note8: Measured with a PRBS 2^7 -1 test pattern @1.25Gbps, BER $\leq 1 \times 10^{-12}$.

Note9: Eye pattern mask

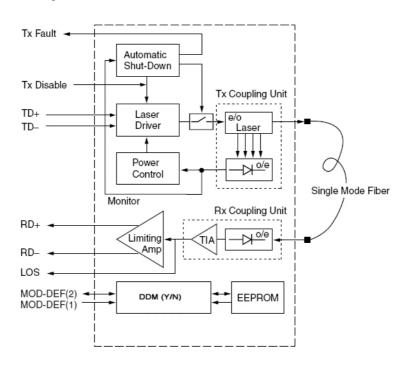
Note10: LOS Hysteresis



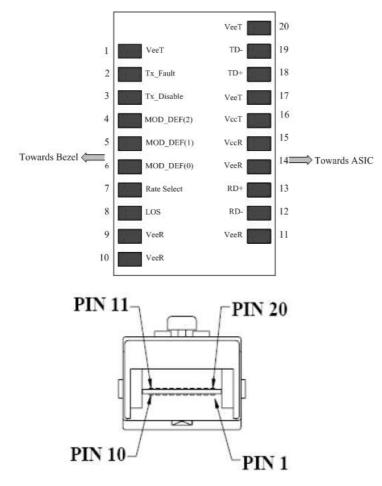




Functional Description of Transceiver



SFP Transceiver Electrical Pad Layout



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Pin Function Definitions

| Pin Num. | Name | FUNCTION | Plug Seq. | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|---------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1 | VeeT | Transmitter Ground | 1 | 5) |
| 2 | TX Fault | Transmitter Fault Indication | 3 | 1) |
| 3 | TX Disable | Transmitter Disable | 3 | 2), Module disables on high or open |
| 4 | MOD-DEF2 | Module Definition 2 | 3 | 3), Data line for Serial ID. |
| 5 | MOD-DEF1 | Module Definition 1 | 3 | 3), Clock line for Serial ID. |
| 6 | MOD-DEF0 | Module Definition 0 | 3 | 3), Grounded within the module. |
| 7 | Rate Select | Not Connect | 3 | Function not available |
| 8 | LOS | Loss of Signal | 3 | 4) |
| 9 | VeeR | Receiver Ground | 1 | 5) |
| 10 | VeeR | Receiver Ground | 1 | 5) |
| 11 | VeeR | Receiver Ground | 1 | 5) |
| 12 | RD- | Inv. Received Data Out | 3 | 6) |
| 13 | RD+ | Received Data Out | 3 | 7) |
| 14 | VeeR | Receiver Ground | 1 | 5) |
| 15 | VccR | Receiver Power | 2 | 7), 3.3 ± 5% |
| 16 | VccT | Transmitter Power | 2 | 7) ,3.3 ± 5% |
| 17 | VeeT | Transmitter Ground | 1 | 5) |
| 18 | TD+ | Transmit Data In | 3 | 8) |
| 19 | TD- | Inv. Transmit Data In | 3 | 8) |
| 20 | VeeT | Transmitter Ground | 1 | 5) |

Notes:

- TX Fault is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7K 10KΩ resistor on the host board. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT, R+0.3V. When high, output indicates a laser fault of some kind. Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V.
- 2) TX disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a 4.7 10 KΩ resistor. Its states are:
 Low (0 0.8V): Transmitter on
 (>0.8, < 2.0V): Undefined
 High (2.0 3.465V): Transmitter Disabled
 Open: Transmitter Disabled
- 3) Modulation Absent, connected to VEET or VEER in the module.
- 4) LOS (Loss of Signal) is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7K 10KΩ resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT, R+0.3V. When high, this output

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nag

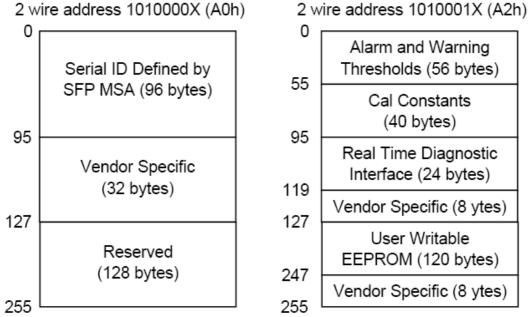
indicates the received optical power is below the worst-case receiver sensitivity (as defined by the standard in use). Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V.

- 5) VeeR and VeeT may be internally connected within the SFP module.
- 6) RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC coupled 100Ω differential lines which should be terminated with 100Ω (differential) at the user SERDES. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board.
- 7) VccR and VccT are the receiver and transmitter power supplies. They are defined as 3.3V ±5% at the SFP connector pin. Maximum supply current is 300mA. Recommended host board power supply filtering is shown below. Inductors with DC resistance of less than 1 ohm should be used in order to maintain the required voltage at the SFP input pin with 3.3V supply voltage. When the recommended supply-filtering network is used, hot plugging of the SFP transceiver module will result in an inrush current of no more than 30mA greater than the steady state value. VccR and VccT may be internally connected within the SFP transceiver module.
- 8) TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC-coupled, differential lines with 100Ω differential termination inside the module. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board.

EEPROM

The serial interface uses the 2-wire serial CMOS EEPROM protocol defined for the ATMEL AT24C02/04 family of components. When the serial protocol is activated, the host generates the serial clock signal (SCL). The positive edge clocks data into those segments of the EEPROM that are not write protected within the SFP transceiver. The negative edge clocks data from the SFP transceiver. The serial data signal (SDA) is bi-directional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially.

The Module provides diagnostic information about the present operating conditions. The transceiver generates this diagnostic data by digitization of internal analog signals. Calibration and alarm/warning threshold data is written during device manufacture. Received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring and temperature monitoring all are implemented. If the module is defined as external calibrated, the diagnostic data are raw A/D values and must be converted to real world units using calibration constants stored in EEPROM locations 56 - 95 at wire serial bus address A2h. The digital diagnostic memory map specific data field define as following .For detail EEPROM information, please refer to the related document of SFF 8472 Rev 9.3.



EEPROM Serial ID Memory Contents

Accessing Serial ID Memory uses the 2 wire address 1010000X (A0h). Memory Contents of Serial ID are shown in Table 1. The following information is according to SNR-SFP-CXX-160-D.

| Addr. | Size (Bytes) | Name of Field | Hex | Description | | | | | | |
|-------|-----------------|-------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | BASE ID FIELDS | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | 1 | Identifier | 03 | SFP | | | | | | |
| 1 | 1 | Ext. Identifier | 04 | SFP function is defined by | | | | | | |
| I | I | EXI. Identilier | 04 | serial ID only | | | | | | |
| 2 | 1 | Connector | 07 | LC Connector | | | | | | |
| 3-10 | 8 | Transceiver | 00 00 00 02 10 10 01 | Transmitter Code | | | | | | |
| 3-10 | 0 | Transceiver | 80 | Transmiller Code | | | | | | |
| 11 | 1 | Encoding | 01 | 8B10B | | | | | | |
| 12 | 1 | BR, Nominal | 0D | 1.25Gbps | | | | | | |
| 13 | 1 | Reserved | 00 | | | | | | | |
| 14 | 1 | Length (9µm)km | 8C | | | | | | | |
| 15 | 1 | Length(9µm)100m | FF | Transceiver transmit | | | | | | |
| 16 | 1 | Length (50µm) 10m | 00 | distance | | | | | | |
| 17 | 1 | Length(62.5µm)10m | 00 | | | | | | | |
| 18 | 1 | Length (Copper) | 00 | Not compliant | | | | | | |
| 19 | 1 | Reserved | 00 | | | | | | | |
| | | | XX XX XX XX XX XX | CND | | | | | | |
| 20-35 | 16 | Vendor name | XX XX XX XX XX 20 | SNR | | | | | | |
| | 20 20 20 20 | | 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 | (ASCII) | | | | | | |
| 36 | 1 | Reserved | 00 | | | | | | | |
| 37-39 | 3 | Vendor OUI | 00 00 00 | | | | | | | |

Table 1 Serial ID Memory Contents

SNR-SFP-CXX-160 Series



41 dB Power Budget CWDM SFP Transceivers

| 40-55 | 16 | Vendor PN | XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX X | SNR-SFP-CXX-160 |
|---------|-----|-------------------------------|--|--|
| | | | 20 20 20 20 | ASCII |
| 56-59 | 4 | Vendor rev | XX XX XX XX ^(note11) | (31 30 20 20means 1.0 revision) |
| 60-61 | 2 | Wavelength | 06 0E | 1550 |
| 62 | 1 | Reserved | 00 | |
| 63 | 1 | CC_BASE | Check Sum (Variable) | Check code for Base ID Fields |
| | | EXTEND | ED ID FIELDS | |
| | | | | TX_DISABLE, TX_FAULT |
| 64-65 | 2 | Options | 00 1A | and Loss of Signal implemented. |
| 66 | 1 | BR,max | 00 | |
| 67 | 1 | BR,min | 00 | |
| 68-83 | 16 | Vendor SN | XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 ^(note11) | Serial Number of transceiver (ASCII). For example "B000822". |
| 84-91 | 8 | Date code | XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX ^(note11) | Manufactory date code. For example "080405". |
| 92 | 1 | Diagnostic Monitoring Type | XX ^(note11) | Digital diagnostic monitoring implemented |
| 93 | 1 | Enhanced Options | XX ^(note11) | Optional flags |
| 94 | 1 | SFF_8472 Compliance | XX ^(note11) | 01 for Rev9.3 SFF-8472. |
| 95 | 1 | | Check Sum | Check sum for Extended ID |
| 90 | I | CC_EXT | (Variable) | Field. |
| | | VENDOR SPI | ECIFIC ID FIELDS | |
| 96-127 | 32 | Vendor Specific | Read only | Depends on customer information |
| 128-255 | 128 | Reserved | Read only | |
| , I | | | • | |

Note11: The "XX" byte should be filled in according to practical case. For more information, please refer to the related document of SFP Multi-Source Agreement (MSA).

Digital Diagnostic Monitoring Interface (2-Wire Address A2h)

Alarm and Warning Thresholds (2 Wire Address A2h)

| Address | # Bytes | Name of Field | HEX | Real Value | Unit | | |
|---------|---------|--------------------|-------|------------|----------|--|--|
| 00-01 | 2 | Temp High Alarm | 50 00 | 80 | Degree C | | |
| 02-03 | 2 | Temp Low Alarm | F6 00 | -10 | Degree C | | |
| 04-05 | 2 | Temp High Warning | 4B 00 | 75 | Degree C | | |
| 06-07 | 2 | Temp Low Warning | FB 00 | -5 | Degree C | | |
| 08-09 | 2 | Voltage High Alarm | 8C A0 | 3.6 | V | | |



| 10-11 | 2 | Voltage Low Alarm | 71 48 | 2.9 | V |
|-------|----|------------------------|-------|-----|-----|
| 12-13 | 2 | Voltage High Warning | 88 B8 | 3.5 | V |
| 14-15 | 2 | Voltage Low Warning | 0B B8 | 3.0 | V |
| 16-17 | 2 | Bias High Alarm | AF C8 | 90 | mA |
| 18-19 | 2 | Bias Low Alarm | 03 E8 | 2 | mA |
| 20-21 | 2 | Bias High Warning | 9C 40 | 80 | mA |
| 22-23 | 2 | Bias Low Warning | 05 DC | 3 | mA |
| 24-25 | 2 | TX Power High Alarm* | F6 78 | 8 | dBm |
| 26-27 | 2 | TX Power Low Alarm | 62 1F | 4 | dBm |
| 28-29 | 2 | TX Power High Warning* | F6 78 | 8 | dBm |
| 30-31 | 2 | TX Power Low Warning | 7B 87 | 5 | dBm |
| 32-33 | 2 | RX Power High Alarm* | 27 10 | -8 | dBm |
| 34-35 | 2 | RX Power Low Alarm* | 00 03 | -35 | dBm |
| 36-37 | 2 | RX Power High Warning* | 13 94 | -9 | dBm |
| 38-39 | 2 | RX Power Low Warning* | 00 04 | -34 | dBm |
| 40-55 | 16 | Reserved | | | |

* Because of the limited precision, the Tx monitor high value is 8dBm, the Rx monitor low value is

-34dBm.

| Calibration Constants | (2 Wire Address A2h) |
|------------------------------|----------------------|
| | |

| Address | # Bytes | Name of Field | HEX | Description |
|---------|---------|---------------|----------|---|
| | 4 | | 00 00 00 | Set to zero for "internally calibrated" |
| 56-59 | 4 | Rx_PWR (4) | 00 | devices. |
| 60-63 | 4 | Rx_PWR (3) | 00 00 00 | Set to zero for "internally calibrated" |
| 00-03 | 4 | KX_FVK (3) | 00 | devices. |
| 64-67 | 4 | Rx_PWR (2) | 00 00 00 | Set to zero for "internally calibrated" |
| 04-07 | 4 | ιχ_Γ (z) | 00 | devices. |
| 68-71 | 4 | Rx_PWR (1) | 3F 80 00 | Set to 1 for "internally calibrated" devices. |
| 00-71 | 4 | | 00 | Set to 1 for internally calibrated devices. |
| 72-75 | 4 | Rx_PWR (0) | 00 00 00 | Set to zero for "internally calibrated" |
| 12-15 | 4 | | 00 | devices. |
| 76-77 | 2 | Tx_I (Slope) | 01 00 | Set to 1 for "internally calibrated" devices. |
| 78-79 | 2 | Tx_I (Offset) | 00 00 | Set to zero for "internally calibrated" |
| 10-13 | 2 | | 00 00 | devices. |
| 80-81 | 2 | Tx_PWR | 01 00 | Set to 1 for "internally calibrated" devices. |
| 00 01 | 2 | (Slope) | 01.00 | |
| 82-83 | 2 | Tx_PWR | 00 00 | Set to zero for "internally calibrated" |
| 02-00 | 2 | (Offset) | 00 00 | devices. |
| 84-85 | 2 | T (Slope) | 01 00 | Set to 1 for "internally calibrated" devices. |
| 86-87 | 2 | T (Offset) | 00 00 | Set to zero for "internally calibrated" |
| 00-07 | ۷ | | 00 00 | devices. |
| 88-89 | 2 | V (Slope) | 01 00 | Set to 1 for "internally calibrated" devices. |
| 90-91 | 2 | V (Offset) | 00 00 | Set to zero for "internally calibrated" |
| 30-31 | 2 | | 00 00 | devices. |

SNR-SFP-CXX-160 Series



41 dB Power Budget CWDM SFP Transceivers

| 92-94 | 3 | Reserved | 00 00 00 | Reserved |
|-------|---|----------|----------|---------------------------|
| 95 | 1 | Checksum | XX | Checksum of bytes 0 – 94. |

A/D Value (2 Wire Address A2h)

| Address | # Bytes | Name of Field | Description |
|---------|---------|-----------------------------|--|
| 96-97 | 2 | Temperature (MSB, LSB) | Internally measured module temperature |
| 98-99 | 2 | Supply Voltage (MSB, LSB) | Internally measured supply voltage in |
| 90-99 | 2 | Supply Voltage (MSB; LSB) | module |
| 100-101 | 2 | Tx Bias Current (MSB, LSB) | Internally measured Tx Bias current |
| 102-103 | 2 | Tx Optical Power (MSB, LSB) | Internally measured Tx Optical Power |
| 104-105 | 2 | Rx Received Power (MSB, | Measured Rx input power |
| 104-105 | 2 | LSB) | Measured KX input power |
| 106-109 | 4 | Reserved | |

*Temperature (Signed twos complement value)

| A2 | A2h Byte 96 (Temperature MSB) | | | | | | A | 2h Byt | e 97 (⁻ | Гетре | erature | LSB) | |
|----|---|--|--|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| S | S 2^{6} 2^{5} 2^{4} 2^{3} 2^{2} 2^{1} 2^{0} | | | | 2 ⁻¹ | 2 ⁻² | 2 ⁻³ | 2 ⁻⁴ | 2 ⁻⁵ | 2 ⁻⁶ | 2 ⁻⁷ | 2 ⁻⁸ | |

Supply Voltage, Tx Bias Current, Tx Optical Power, Rx Received Power (Unsigned values)

| A2h Byte 98 (Vcc MSB) | A2h Byte 99 (Vcc LSB) | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| A2h Byte 100 (TX Bias MSB) | A2h Byte 101 (TX Bias LSB) | | | | | |
| A2h Byte 102 (TX Power MSB) | A2h Byte 103 (TX Power LSB) | | | | | |
| A2h Byte 104 (RX Power MSB) | A2h Byte 105 (RX Power LSB) | | | | | |
| $\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$ | 2^7 2^6 2^5 2^4 2^3 2^2 2^1 2^0 | | | | | |

The digital value conversions are updated every 13ms (nominal) or 20ms (max) in rotation. After getting digital value, each measurement could be obtained by multiplying digital value by corresponding LSB value:

Temperature = Temp (Digital Value) \times LSB_{Temp} = Temp (Digital Value) \times 1/256; when Temperature<128

Temperature = Temp (Digital Value) \times LSB_{Temp} = [Temp (Digital Value) \times 1/256]-256; when Temperature \ge 128 V_{cc} = V_{cc}(Digital Value) \times LSB_{Vcc} = V_{cc}(Digital Value) \times 100 μ V

TX Bias Current = TX Bias Current (Digital Value) \times LSB_{TX,Bias} = TX Bias Current (Digital Value) \times 2 μ A

TX Power = TX Power (Digital Value) $\, \times \,$ LSBTXPower = TX Power (Digital Value) $\, \times \,$ 0.1 μ W

RX Power = RX Power (Digital Value) \times LSB_{RXPower} = RX Power (Digital Value) \times 0.1 μ W

Status Bits and Alarm/Warning Flag Bits (2 Wire Address A2h)

| Address | Bit | Name | Description |
|---------|-------------------|------------------|---|
| 110 | 7 | TX Disable State | Digital state of Tx disable (1) and enabled (0) |
| 110 | 6 | Soft TX Disable | Not implemented |
| 110 | 5-3 | Reserved | |
| 110 | 2 | TX Fault State | 1=Tx failure state, 0=Tx normal state |
| 110 | 1 | LOS | Digital state of LOS output pin. 0=optical signal |
| 110 | 1 | 103 | detected,1=no optical signal detected |
| 110 | 0 | Data_Ready_Bar | Not implemented. |
| 111 | 7-0 | Reserved | Reserved |
| 112 | 7 | Tomp High Alarm | Set when internal temperature exceeds high alarm |
| 112 | 7 Temp High Alarm | | level. |
| 112 | 6 | Temp Low Alarm | Set when internal temperature is below low alarm |



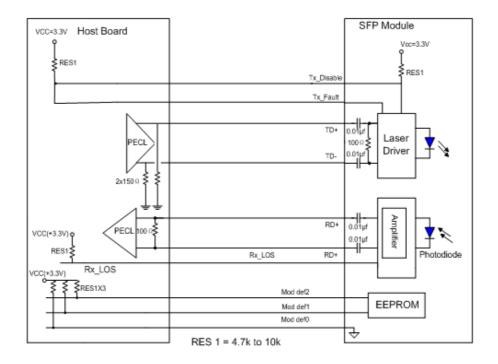
| | | | level. |
|---------|-----|--------------------------|--|
| 112 | 5 | Vcc High Alarm | Set when internal supply voltage exceeds high alarm level. |
| 112 | 4 | Vcc Low Alarm | Set when internal supply voltage is below low alarm level. |
| 112 | 3 | TX Bias High Alarm | Set when TX Bias current exceeds high alarm level. |
| 112 | 2 | TX Bias Low Alarm | Set when TX Bias current is below low alarm level. |
| 112 | 1 | TX Power High Alarm | Set when TX Power exceeds high alarm level. |
| 112 | 0 | TX Power Low Alarm | Set when TX Power is below low alarm level. |
| 113 | 7 | RX Power High Alarm | Set when Received Power exceeds high alarm level. |
| 113 | 6 | RX Power Low Alarm | Set when Received Power is below low alarm level. |
| 113 | 5-0 | Reserved Alarm | |
| 114-115 | All | Reserved | |
| 116 | 7 | Temp High Warning | Set when internal temperature exceeds high warning level. |
| 116 | 6 | Temp Low Warning | Set when internal temperature is below low warning level. |
| 116 | 5 | Vcc High Warning | Set when internal supply voltage >high warning level. |
| 116 | 4 | Vcc Low Warning | Set when internal supply voltage < low warning level. |
| 116 | 3 | TX Bias High Warning | Set when TX Bias current exceeds high warning level. |
| 116 | 2 | TX Bias Low Warning | Set when TX Bias current is below low warning level. |
| 116 | 1 | TX Power High Warning | Set when TX Power exceeds high warning level. |
| 116 | 0 | TX Power Low Warning | Set when TX Power is below low warning level. |
| 117 | 7 | RX Power High Warning | Set when Received Power exceeds high warning level. |
| 117 | 6 | RX Power Low Warning | Set when Received Power is below low warning level. |
| 117 | 5-0 | Reserved Warning | |
| 118-119 | All | Reserved | |
| | | | |

Vendor Specific and User Accessible EEPROM (2 Wire Address A2h)

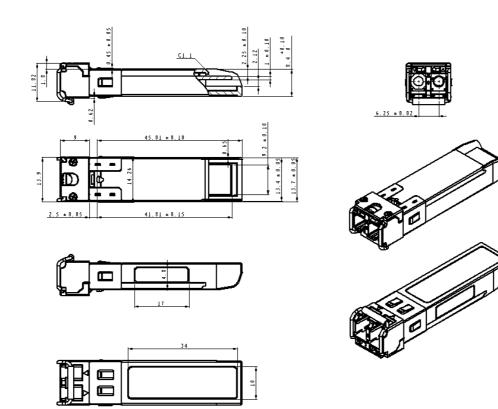
| Address | # Bytes | Name | Description |
|---------|---------|----------------------|--------------|
| 120-127 | 8 | Vendor Specific | Don't Access |
| 128-247 | 120 | User writable EEPROM | |
| 248-255 | 8 | Vendor Specific | Don't Access |



Recommend Circuit Schematic



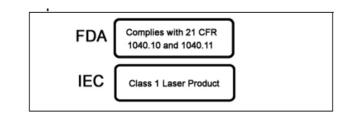
Mechanical Specifications



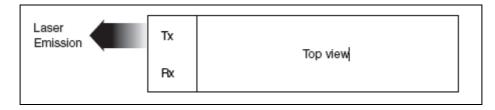
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41 dB Power Budget CWDM SFP Transceivers

Class 1 Labels



Laser Emission



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