

ELPS Configuration Commands

Table of Contents

Chapter 1 ELPS Configuration Commands	1
1.1 Global Commands.....	1
1.1.1 elps id	1
1.1.2 working-vlanmap vlanmap	2
1.1.3 protection-mode {1plus1-bidirectional 1plus1-unidirectional 1to1-bidirectional}	2
1.1.4 revertive-mode {revertive nonrevertive}	4
1.1.5 detect-fault {physical-port-check continuity-check both-check}	5
1.1.6 WTR-time	6
1.1.7 hold-off-time	6
1.2 Port Configuration Commands.....	7
1.2.1 elps id{working-transport protection-transport}	7
1.2.2 elps id mep md md-stringma ma-stringlevel level-id local local-id remote remote-id	9
1.3 Control Commands	10
1.3.1 elps id/LockOut	10
1.3.2 elps id/ForcedSwitch	11
1.3.3 elps id/ManualSwitch	11
1.3.4 elps id/ManualSwitch-Working	12
1.3.5 elps id/Exercise	13
1.3.6 elps id/CLEAR	14
1.4 Show	15
1.4.1 show elps	15

Chapter 1 ELPS Configuration Commands

1.1 Global Commands

1.1.1 **elps id**

To set an instance of ELPS node and enter the node mode, run the following command:

elps id

To cancel an instance of ring, run the following command:

no elps id

Parameter

Parameter	Description
id	Stands for the node instance ID, which ranges from 0 to 7.

Default value

By default, the ELPS node instance is not configured.

Command mode

Global configuration mode

Explanation

N/A.

Example

```
S1_config#elps 1  
S1_config_elps1#
```

Related command

N/A.

1.1.2 **working-vlanmap *vlanmap***

To set the working vlan map of the ELPS node, run the following command:

working-vlanmap *vlanmap*

Parameter

Parameter	Description
vlanmap	Stands for the VLAN range table (1-4094), which is similar with (1,3,5,7), (1,3-5,7) or (1-7).

Default value

By default, the working vlan map of a node is not configured.

Command mode

EPLS node configuration mode

Explanation

1. Configuring working VLAN does not mean creating this VLAN, so you have to establish the control VLAN manually..
2. After working-vlanmap, protection-mode, revertive-mode and detect-fault are configured, the ELPS configuration mode exits and the ELPS node is started, the working-vlanmap cannot be modified.

Example

```
S1_config#elps 1
S1_config_elps1#working-vlanmap 1-10
S1_config_elps1#
```

Related command

[protection-mode {1plus1-bidirectional | 1plus1-unidirectional | 1to1-bidirectional}](#)
[revertive-mode {revertive | nonrevertive}](#)
[detect-fault {physical-port-check| continuity-check | both-check}](#)

1.1.3 **protection-mode {1plus1-bidirectional | 1plus1-unidirectional | 1to1-bidirectional}**

To set the protection mode of the ELPS node to be the 1plus1-bidirectional mode, run the following command:

protection-mode 1plus1-bidirectional

To set the protection mode of the ELPS node to be the 1plus1-unidirectional mode, run the following command:

protection-mode 1plus1-unidirectional

To set the protection mode of the ELPS node to be the 1to1-bidirectional mode, run the following command:

protection-mode 1to1-bidirectional**Parameter**

N/A.

Default value

By default, the ELPS node's protection mode is not configured.

Command mode

ELPS node configuration mode

Explanation

1. When the ELPS node's protection mode is set to **1plus1-bidirectional** or **1plus1-unidirectional**, the revertive mode of node is **non-revertive** by default; the protection mode is **1to1-bidirectional**, it is **revertive** by default.
2. After working-vlanmap, protection-mode, revertive-mode and detect-fault are configured, the ELPS configuration mode exits and the ELPS node is started, the working-vlanmap cannot be modified.

Example

```
S1_config#elps 1
S1_config_elps1#working-vlanmap 1-10
S1_config_elps1#protection-mode 1plus1-bidirectional
S1_config_elps1#
```

Related command

[working-vlanmap vlanmap](#)

[revertive-mode {revertive | nonrevertive}](#)

[detect-fault {physical-port-check| continuity-check | both-check}](#)

1.1.4 revertive-mode {revertive | nonrevertive}

To set the mode of the ELPS to **revertive**, run the following command:

revertive-mode revertive

To set the mode of the ELPS to **non-revertive**, run the following command:

revertive-mode nonrevertive

Parameter

N/A.

Default value

By default, the ELPS node's mode is not configured.

Command mode

ELPS node configuration mode

Explanation

1. When the ELPS node's protection mode is set to **1plus1-bidirectional** or **1plus1-unidirectional**, the revertive mode of node is **non-revertive** by default; the protection mode is **1to1-bidirectional**, it is **revertive** by default. The two cases change after the configuration of the revertive mode.
2. After working-vlanmap, protection-mode, revertive-mode and detect-fault are configured, the ELPS configuration mode exits and the ELPS node is started, the working-vlanmap cannot be modified.

Example

```
S1_config#elps 1
S1_config_elps1#working-vlanmap 1-10
S1_config_elps1#protection-mode 1plus1-bidirectional
S1_config_elps1#revertive-mode revertive
S1_config_elps1#
```

Related command

[working-vlanmap vlanmap](#)

[protection-mode {1plus1-bidirectional | 1plus1-unidirectional | 1to1-bidirectional}](#)

[detect-fault {physical-port-check| continuity-check | both-check}](#)

1.1.5 **detect-fault {physical-port-check| continuity-check | both-check}**

To set the trouble monitoring mode of the ELPS node to **physical-port-check**, run the following command:

detect-fault physical-port-check

To set the trouble monitoring mode of the ELPS node to **continuity-check**, run the following command:

detect-fault continuity-check

To set the trouble monitoring mode of the ELPS node to **both-check**, run the following command:

detect-fault both-check

Default value

By default, the ELPS node's trouble monitoring mode is not configured.

Command mode

ELPS node configuration mode

Explanation

1. After working-vlanmap, protection-mode, revertive-mode and detect-fault are configured, the ELPS configuration mode exits and the ELPS node is started, the working-vlanmap cannot be modified.

Example

```
S1_config#elps 1
S1_config_elps1#working-vlanmap 1-10
S1_config_elps1#protection-mode 1plus1-bidirectional
S1_config_elps1#revertive-mode revertive
S1_config_elps1#detect-fault continuity-check
S1_config_elps1#
```

Related command

[working-vlanmap vlanmap](#)

[protection-mode {1plus1-bidirectional | 1plus1-unidirectional | 1to1-bidirectional}](#)

[revertive-mode {revertive | nonrevertive}](#)

1.1.6 **WTR-time**

To set the WTR time of the ELPS node, run the following command:

WTR-time value

To resume the default WTR time of the ELPS node, run the following command:

no WTR-time

Parameter

Parameter	Description
value	Stands for the WTR time, which ranges from 5 to 12 minutes. Its step is 1 minute and its default value is 5 minutes.

Default value

By default, the WTR-time is 5 minutes.

Command mode

ELPS node configuration mode

Explanation

N/A.

Example

```
S1_config#elps 1
S1_config_elps1#working-vlanmap 1-10
S1_config_elps1#protection-mode 1plus1-bidirectional
S1_config_elps1#revertive-mode revertive
S1_config_elps1#detect-fault continuity-check
S1_config_elps1#WTR-time 6
S1_config_elps1#
```

Related command

N/A

1.1.7 **hold-off-time**

To set the hold-off time of the ELPS node, run the following command:

hold-off-time value

To resume the default hold-off time of the ELPS node, run the following command:

no hold-off-time**Parameter**

Parameter	Description
value	Stands for the hold-off time, which ranges from 1 to 10 seconds. Its step is 100ms and its default value is 1 second.

Default value

By default, the hold-off time is one second.

Command mode

ELPS node configuration mode

Explanation

N/A.

Example

```
S1_config#elps 1
S1_config_elps1#working-vlanmap 1-10
S1_config_elps1#protection-mode 1plus1-bidirectional
S1_config_elps1#revertive-mode revertive
S1_config_elps1#detect-fault continuity-check
S1_config_elps1#hold-off-time 2
S1_config_elps1#
```

Related command

N/A

1.2 Port Configuration Commands

1.2.1 elps *id* {working-transport | protection-transport}

To set a port where the ELPS working transport entity is located, run the following command:

elps *id* working-transport

To delete the ELPS working transport entity configuration on a port, run the following command:

no elps *id* working-transport

To set a port where the ELPS protection transport entity is located, run the following command:

elps *id* protection-transport

To delete the ELPS protection transport entity configuration on a port, run the following command:

no elps *id* protection-transport**Parameter**

Parameter	Description
<i>id</i>	ID of the node

Default value

No ELPS configuration exists on ports by default.

Command mode

The physical port configuration mode and the converged port configuration mode

Explanation

The port cannot be configured until working-vlanmap, protection-mode, revertive-mode and default-fault are all configured.

Example

```
S1_config#interface GigaEthernet 0/1
S1_config_g0/1# elps 1 working-transport
S1_config_g0/1#exit
```

Related command

[elps id mep md md-string ma ma-string level level-id local local-id remote remote-id](#)

1.2.2 **elps id mep md md-string ma ma-string level level-id local local-id remote remote-id**

To set the MEP information about the ELPS port, run the following command:

```
elps id mep md md-string ma ma-string level level-id local local-id remote
remote-id
```

To delete the MEP information about the ELPS port, run the following command:

```
no elps id mep
```

Parameter

Parameter	Description
id	ID of the node
md-string	MEP maintenance domain
ma-string	MEP maintenance link
level-id	MEP level
local-id	Local MEP ID
remote-id	Remote MEP ID

Default value

No MEP information exists on ports by default.

Command mode

The physical port configuration mode and the converged port configuration mode

Explanation

The port cannot be configured until working-vlanmap, protection-mode, revertive-mode and default-fault, transport entity of the ELPS port are all configured.

Example

```
S1_config#interface GigaEthernet 0/1
S1_config_g0/1#elps 1 working-transport
S1_config_g0/1#elps 1 mep md x ma x level 1 local 1 remote 2
S1_config_g0/1#exit
```

Related command

[elps id {working-transport | protection-transport}](#)

1.3 Control Commands

1.3.1 **elps id LockOut**

To set the protection lockout of ELPS, run the following command:

elps id LockOut

Parameter

Parameter	Description
Id	ID of the node

Default value

N/A.

Command mode

Monitoring mode

Explanation

N/A.

Example

N/A.

Related command

[elps id ForcedSwitch](#)

[elps id ManualSwitch](#)

[elps id ManualSwitch-Working](#)

[elps id Exercise](#)

[elps id CLEAR](#)

1.3.2 **elps id ForcedSwitch**

To set the forced switching operation of ELPS, run the following command:

elps id ForcedSwitch

Parameter

Parameter	Description
Id	ID of the node

Default value

N/A.

Command mode

Monitoring mode

Explanation

N/A.

Example

N/A.

Related command

[elps id LockOut](#)

[elps id ManualSwitch](#)

[elps id ManualSwitch-Working](#)

[elps id Exercise](#)

[elps id CLEAR](#)

1.3.3 **elps id ManualSwitch**

To set the manual switching operation of ELPS, run the following command:

elps id ManualSwitch

Parameter

Parameter	Description
Id	ID of the node

Default value

N/A.

Command mode

Monitoring mode

Explanation

N/A.

Example

N/A.

Related command[elps id LockOut](#)[elps id ForcedSwitch](#)[elps id ManualSwitch-Working](#)[elps id Exercise](#)[elps id CLEAR](#)**1.3.4 elps id ManualSwitch-Working**

To switch to the working entity of ELPS manually, run the following command:

elps id ManualSwitch-Working

Parameter

Parameter	Description
Id	ID of the node

Default value

N/A.

Command mode

Monitoring mode

Explanation

N/A.

Example

N/A.

Related command

[elps id LockOut](#)

[elps id ForcedSwitch](#)

[elps id ManualSwitch](#)

[elps id Exercise](#)

[elps id CLEAR](#)

1.3.5 **elps id Exercise**

To set the exercise operation of ELPS, run the following command:

elps id Exercise

Parameter

Parameter	Description
Id	ID of the node

Default value

N/A.

Command mode

Monitoring mode

Explanation

N/A.

Example

N/A.

Related command

[elps id LockOut](#)

[elps id ForcedSwitch](#)

[elps id ManualSwitch](#)

[elps id ManualSwitch-Working](#)

[elps id CLEAR](#)

1.3.6 **elps id CLEAR**

To clear the control command of ELPS, run the following command:

elps id CLEAR

Parameter

Parameter	Description
Id	ID of the node

Default value

N/A.

Command mode

Monitoring mode

Explanation

N/A.

Example

N/A.

Related command

[elps id LockOut](#)

[elps id ForcedSwitch](#)

[elps id ManualSwitch](#)

[elps id ManualSwitch-Working](#)

[elps id Exercise](#)

1.4 Show

1.4.1 **show elps**

To display the summary information about the ELPS node, run the following command:

show elps *id*

To display the detailed information about the ELPS node, run the following command:

show elps *id detail*

To display the information about the ELPS port, run the following command:

show elps *id interface intf-name*

To display the summary information about all ELPS nodes, run the following command:

show elps

Parameter

Parameter	Description
<i>id</i>	ID of the node
<i>intf-name</i>	Name of an interface

Default value

N/A.

Command mode

Monitoring mode, global configuration mode, node configuration mode or port configuration mode

Explanation

N/A.

Example

N/A.

Related command

N/A.